ΗM

2

- The rotary actuators come in five cylinder bores from 32 to 80 mm and three mounting styles, SD, FA and FB.
- The unique backlash eliminating mechanism prevents backlash at the rotating ends.
- The rotating angle can be adjusted in the range of $\pm 5^{\circ}$ by the rotation angle fine adjustment mechanism.
- Versatile magnetic proximity sensors of AX and AZ types are standardized.
- The external dimensions and mounting dimensions are completely identical with those of 35RP.
- Since the piston contains a magnet, a sensor can be mounted after installation. (The same sensors as those of 35H-3R can be used.)

Main Body Specifications

Туре	35RP2						
Series Variation	Rack and pinion type						
Bore (mm)	<i>\$</i> 32 · <i>\$</i> 40 · <i>\$</i> 50 · <i>\$</i> 63 · <i>\$</i> 80						
Rotating angle	90°•180°						
Angle adjustment	$\pm 5^{\circ}$						
Rated torque	φ32: 60N•m φ40: 106N•m φ50: 220N•m						
(at 3.5 MPa)	φ63: 436N∙m φ80: 840N∙m						
Maximum allowable pressure	3.5 MPa						
Proof test pressure	5 MPa						
Minimum operating pressure	0.5 MPa						
Working temperature range	+10 to +60°C (ambient/fluid temperature)						
Adaptable fluid	Petroleum-based fluid (When using another fluid, refer to the table of fluid adaptability.)						
Gear oil	JIS 2219, Class 2 (gear oil equivalent to ISO VG680)						
Tolerance for thread	JIS 6g/6H						
Mounting style	SD, FA, FB						



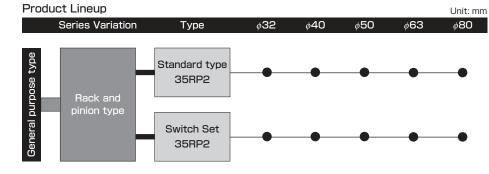
Terminologies

Maximum allowable pressure Maximum allowable pressure generated in a cylinder (surge pressure, etc.).

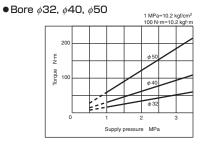
Proof test pressure

Test pressure against which a cylinder can withstand without unreliable performance at the return to nominal pressure.

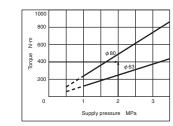
Minimum operating pressure Minimum pressure at which cylinder installed horizontally operates under no load.



Theoretical Output Torque Charts







How to read the graph

When a torque of 400 N·m is required at a working pressure of 2 MPa, determine the intersection of the lines extended from the vertical axis of supply pressure and the horizontal axis of torque. Find the bore above this intersection, and the bore of 80 mm can be selected. Note) Determine the effective torque based on the following data. When the inertia force is low: 60 to 80% When the inertia force is high: 25 to 35%

Weight Ta	able		Unit: kg
Dava	Basic weight (SD style)	Mounting accessory weight	Sensor additional weight
Bore Rotating angle	Standard type	FA style FB style	1 piece
φ32-90°	5.0	0.04	
φ32-180°	5.2	0.94	
φ40-90°	8.8	4.57	AX/AZ type
φ40-180°	9.2	1.57	Cord length 1.5 m [:] 0.05
φ50-90°	13.9	0.00	Cord length 5 m: 0.13
φ50-180°	14.7	2.09	With connector: 0.04
φ63-90°	24.2	0.50	SR405
φ63-180°	25.8	3.56	Cord length 5 m: 0.22
φ80-90°	41.0	0.54	
φ80-180°	44.1	6.54	

Calculation formula : Weight of rotary actuator (kg) =basic weight+mounting accessory weight +sensor additional weight× sensor quantity Calculation example: Standard type, bore ϕ 40, rotating angle 180°, FA style, 2 pcs of AX215 (cord length 5 m) 9.2+1.57+0.13x2=11.03kg

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Rotary

Actuators

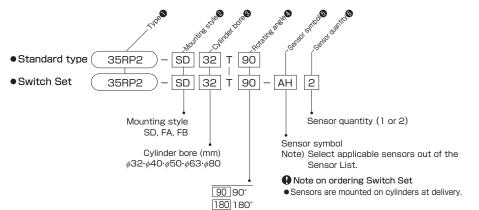
	Adaptable fluid									
Petroleum-based fluid	Water-glycol fluid	Phosphate ester fluid	Water in oil fluid	Oil in water fluid						
0	×	×	\bigtriangleup							
Note) ○: Applicable, ×: Inapplicable. Consult us before using the △-marked items.										

Amount of Fluid Necessary for Rotation Unit: ml

	Rotating angle Bore mm	90°	180°
	<i>φ</i> 32	28.3	53.4
_	<i>φ</i> 40	51.9	99.5
9	<i>φ</i> 50	104.3	202.6
	<i>φ</i> 63	203.8	399.9
	<i>\phi</i> 80	410.5	788.3

HM 5

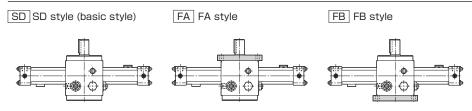
How to order



Mounting Style

35RP2

Rotary Actuators



Sensor List

Туре	Sensor symbol	Load voltage range	Load current range	Max. switching capacity	Protective circuit	Indicating lamp	Wiring method	Cord length	Applicable load
	AF AX101CE				News			1.5 m	
	AG AX105CE	DC:5 to 30 V	DC:5 to 40 mA	DC: 1.5 W	None	LED	0.3 mm ² , 2-core,	5 m	1
	AH AX111CE	AC:5 to 120 V	AC:5 to 20 mA	AC: 2 VA	Provided	(Lights in red when sensing)	outer dia. ø4 mm,	1.5 m	
	AJ AX115CE			-	Provided	0,	rear wiring	5 m	
	AE AX125CE	DC: 30 V or less AC: 120 V or less	DC: 40 mA or less AD: 20 mA or less		None	None		5 m	
	AK AX11ACE	AC:5 to 120 V	5 to 20 mA	2 VA	Provided	LED (Lights in red	4-pin connector	0.5 m	
	AL AX11BCE	DC:5 to 30 V	5 to 40 mA	1.5 W	FIOVIDED	when sensing)	type, rear wiring	0.5 m	
ő	AP AZ101CE				None			1.5 m	Small relay, programmable
Reed sensor	AR AZ105CE	DC:5 to 30 V	DC:5 to 40 mA	DC: 1.5 W	None	LED	0.3 mm ² , 2-core,	5 m	controller
eq	AS AZ111CE	AC:5 to 120 V	AC:5 to 20 mA	AC: 2 VA	Provided	(Lights in red when sensing)	outer dia. ϕ 4 mm,	1.5 m	
Ве	AT AZ115CE			10.2 11	riovided	3,	upper wiring	5 m	
	AN AZ125CE	DC: 30 V or less AC: 120 V or less	DC: 40 mA or less AD: 20 mA or less		None	None		5 m	
	AU AZ11ACE	AC:5 to 120 V	5 to 20 mA	2 VA	Provided	LED (Lights in red	4-pin connector	0.5 m	
	AW AZ11BCE	DC:5 to 30 V	5 to 40 mA	1.5 W	FIOVIDED	when sensing)	type, rear wiring	0.5 m	
	AM AX135CE	AC/DC: 90 to 240 V	5 to 300 mA	B contact output	Provided	LED (Lights in red	0.3 mm ² , 2-core, outer dia. φ4 mm, rear wiring	5 m	
	AY AZ135CE	AC/DO: 50 10 240 V	5 to 500 mA	D contact output	riovided	when not sensing)	0.3 mm ² , 2-core, outer dia. φ4 mm, upper wiring	5 m	
	S SR405	AC: 80 to 220 V	2 to 300 mA	30 VA	Provided	Neon lamp (Lights when not sensing)	0.5 mm ² , 2-core, outer dia. φ6 mm, rear wiring	5 m	
	BE AX201CE-1					LED (Lights in red		1.5 m	
	BF AX205CE-1					when sensing)	0.3 mm ² , 2-core, outer dia. φ4 mm,	5 m	
	CE AX211CE-1]				LED (2-LED type in	rear wiring	1.5 m	
	CF AX215CE-1]				red/green)		5 m	
F	BM AZ201CE-1					LED (Lights in red		1.5 m	
osue	BN AZ205CE-1]				when sensing)	0.3 mm ² , 2-core, outer dia. φ4 mm,	5 m	
e Se	CM AZ211CE-1	DC: 5 to 30V	5 to 40 mA		Dura dal a d	LED (2-LED type in	upper wiring	1.5 m	Small relay, programmable
Solid state sensor	CN AZ215CE-1	DC: 5 10 30V	5 to 40 mA	_	Provided	red/green)		5 m	controller
olid	CT AX211CE-1						0.3 mm ² , 2-core, outer dia. φ 4 mm,	1.5 m	
S	CU AX215CE-1						rear wiring	5 m	
	CV AX21BCE-1					LED (2-LED type in	4-pin connector type, rear wiring	0.5 m	
	CW AZ211CE-1					red/green)	0.3 mm ² , 2-core, outer dia. φ4 mm,	1.5 m	
	CX AZ215CE-1						upper wiring	5 m	
	CY AZ21BCE-1						4-pin connector type, upper wiring	0.5 m	

Notes) • For the sensors without a protective circuit, be sure to provide a protective circuit (SK-100) with the load when using any induction load (relay, etc.).

- The output logic of AX and AZ135CE is B contact. When the piston is detected, the sensor contact turns off (the lamp turns on).
- The cutting oil proof WR and WS type sensors can be mounted. (However, the rotary actuator bodies are not cutting oil proof.) For the details of the sensors, be sure to see the sensor specifications at the end of this catalog.
- •We recommend AND Unit (AU series) for multiple sensors connected in series. For details, refer to AND Unit at the end of this catalog.

Connector type

• General purpose type

AX type sensor

SR type sensor



Rack-and-Pinion Rotary Actuator Rotating Angle 90°

Unit: mm

BD



AD

AK

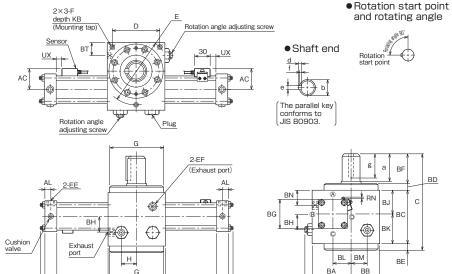
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• The standard type and Switch Set Cylinders have the same external dimensions. •UX is the sensor mounting dimension for detection of rotating end.

AJ

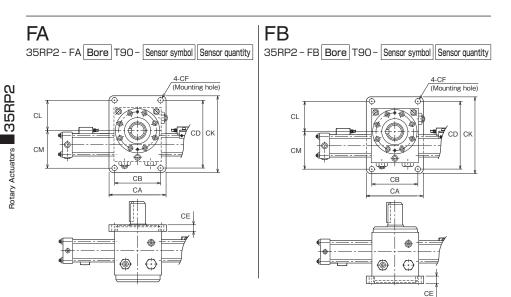
AD.

AK

в

AH

А



Dimensional Table

Unit: mm

Symbol Bore \$\overline{40}\$	A 302	AC 37 or les	AD	AH	AJ														
,		27 or los			AJ	A	KA	۱L	В	BA	вв	BC	BD	BE	BF	BG	В	H B.	BK
<i>φ</i> 40		37 01 165	is 7	88	82	2	25 1	1 1	02	58	44	82	12	12	38	4	1 2	4 36	46
	333	40 or les	is 7	106	88	.5 2	25 1	1 1	25	72	53	97	13	14	60	50) 3	0 43	54
ϕ 50	383	45 or les	is 9	120	106	.5 2	25 1	1 1	40	80	60	112	15	15	60	62	2 3	4 50	62
<i>ф</i> 63	455	51 or les	is 10	144	130	.5 2	25 1	1 1	68	96	72	133	14	16	84	70	6 4	0 60	73
<i>φ</i> 80	518	59 or les	is 10	168	143	3	32 1	4 2	00	116	84	156	18	20	84	94	4 5	3 68	88
Symbol Bore	BL	BM	BN	BT	С	CA	СВ	CD	С	E	CF	СК	CL	СМ	[C	Е	E	E
<i>φ</i> 32	24	20	24.5	24	144	105	85	125	1	3	φ9	145	55	70	7	1.4	101	R	1/4
<i>φ</i> 40	30	27	27	26	184	125	100	150	1	5	φ9	180	65	85	8	6.3	122	R	3/8
<i>φ</i> 50	40	33	30	27	202	145	120	170	1	6	<i>φ</i> 11	195	75	95	9	8.3	139	R	3/8
<i>φ</i> 63	50	40	34	32	247	175	140	210	1	8	<i>ф</i> 14	240	90	120	11	6.7	165	R	3/8
<i>φ</i> 80	59	48	35	36	278	210	170	250	2	2	<i>ф</i> 16	290	110	140	13	7.9	195	R	1/2
Symbol		_				_	l		,						:	Shaft e	end		
Bore	E	F	F			G	Н		<	KB		RN	а	b		d	е	f	g
<i>φ</i> 32	Rc	1/4	M8×1	.25	<i>ø</i> 83	3h7	20	1	0	16	7 c	r less	36	<i>φ</i> 22	h6	6	6	3.5	32
<i>φ</i> 40	Rc	3/8	M8×1	.25	<i>φ</i> 10)4h7	27	1	2	16	5 c	r less	58	<i>\$</i> 30	h6	7	8	4	50
<i>φ</i> 50	Rc	3/8	M10×	1.5	<i>φ</i> 11	7h7	33	1	4	20	4 c	r less	58	<i>\$</i> 38	h6	8	10	5	50
<i>φ</i> 63	Rc	1/2	M12×	1.75	φ14	10h7	40	1	6	18	4 c	r less	82	<i>φ</i> 50	h6	9	14	5.5	70
<i>φ</i> 80	Rc	1/2	M14×	2	<i>φ</i> 16	64h7	48	1	9	21	3 0	r less	82	<i>\$</i> 55	h6	10	16	6	70

Sensor Mounting Dimension

Bore	UX								
Dore	AX/AZ type	SR type							
<i>φ</i> 32	8	0							
<i>φ</i> 40	9	0							
<i>φ</i> 50	12	5							
<i>ф</i> 63	13	7							
<i>φ</i> 80	22	14							

Operating Range and Hysteresis

		Solid state sensor						
Bore	AX/AZ	Z type	SR	type	AX/AZ type			
	Operating range	Operating range Hysteresis Operating range Hysteresis		Hysteresis	Operating range	Hysteresis		
<i>φ</i> 32	5 to 9	1 or less	7 to 10		3 to 5			
<i>φ</i> 40	5 to 9	1.5 or less	5 to 7		3 to 5			
φ 50	5 to 10	1 or less	7 to 11	2 or less	4 to 6	1 or less		
<i>φ</i> 63	5 to 10	1 or less	7 to 11		4 to 6			
<i>φ</i> 80	5 to 11	1 or less	8 to 12		4 to 6			

35RP2

Rack-and-Pinion Rotary Actuator Rotating angle 180°

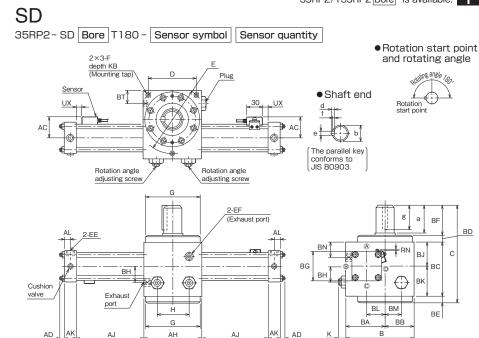
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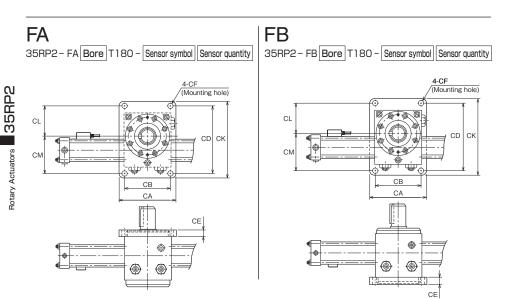
Unit: mm

BD



• The standard type and Switch Set Cylinders have the same external dimensions. • UX is the sensor mounting dimension for detection of rotating end.

А



Dimensional Table

Unit: mm

| A | AC | AD | AH
 | AJ | A | ĸ

 | AL. | В | BA
 | В | в
 | BC | BD | BE | BF | BG
 | E | вн | BJ | вк |
|-----|---|---
--
--|---|---
--
---|---|--
--
--|---
--|---|---|---
---|--|---|---|---
---|
| 364 | 37 or les | s 7 | 88
 | 113 | 2 | 25

 | 11 | 102 | 58
 | 4 | 4
 | 82 | 12 | 12 | 38 | 4
 | 4 2 | 24 | 36 | 46 |
| 409 | 40 or les | s 7 | 106
 | 126 | .5 2 | 25

 | 11 | 125 | 72
 | 5 | 3
 | 97 | 13 | 14 | 60 | 5
 | 0 3 | 30 | 43 | 54 |
| 483 | 45 or les | s 9 | 120
 | 156 | .5 2 | 25

 | 11 | 140 | 80
 | 6 | 60
 | 112 | 15 | 15 | 60 | 6
 | 2 3 | 34 | 50 | 62 |
| 581 | 51 or les | s 10 | 144
 | 193 | .5 2 | 25

 | 11 | 168 | 96
 | 7 | 2
 | 133 | 14 | 16 | 84 | 07
 | 6 4 | 10 | 60 | 73 |
| 668 | 59 or les | s 10 | 168
 | 218 | 3 | 32 ·

 | 14 | 200 | 116
 | 8 | 34
 | 156 | 18 | 20 | 84 | 9
 | 4 5 | 53 | 68 | 88 |
| BL | ВМ | BN | вт
 | С | CA | СВ

 | СІ | | E
 | CF | =
 | СК | CL | СМ | 1 | C
 | E | | EE | |
| 24 | 20 | 24.5 | 24
 | 144 | 105 | 85

 | 12 | 25 | 13
 | φ9 |
 | 145 | 55 | 70 | 7 | 1.4
 | 101 | | Rc1 | 4 |
| 30 | 27 | 27 | 26
 | 184 | 125 | 100

 | 15 | 50 1 | 15
 | φ9 |
 | 180 | 65 | 85 | 8 | 6.3
 | 122 | | Rc3 | /8 |
| 40 | 33 | 30 | 27
 | 202 | 145 | 120

 | 17 | 0 | 16
 | <i>φ</i> 1 | 1
 | 195 | 75 | 95 | 9 | 8.3
 | 139 | | Rc3 | /8 |
| 50 | 40 | 34 | 32
 | 247 | 175 | 140

 | 21 | 0 | 18
 | φ1- | 4
 | 240 | 90 | 120 | 11 | 6.7
 | 165 | | Rc3 | /8 |
| 59 | 48 | 35 | 36
 | 278 | 210 | 170

 | 25 | 50 2 | 22
 | <i>φ</i> 1 | 6
 | 290 | 110 | 140 | 13 | 7.9
 | 195 | | Rc1 | 2 |
| | | |
 | | |

 | | |
 | |
 | | | | | Shaft e
 | end | | | |
| E | F | F | :
 | | G | Н

 | | К | K
 | 3 | F
 | RN | а | b | | d
 | е | Τ | f | g |
| Rc | 1/4 | M8× | .25
 | <i>\</i> \$83 | h7 | 40

 | | 10 | 1
 | 6 | 7 or
 | less | 36 | <i>φ</i> 22 | h6 | 6
 | 6 | : | 3.5 | 32 |
| Rc | 3/8 | M8× | .25
 | <i>φ</i> 10 | 4h7 | 54

 | | 12 | 1
 | 6 | 5 or
 | less | 58 | <i>ø</i> 30 | h6 | 7
 | 8 | | 4 | 50 |
| Rc | 3/8 | M10> | (1.5
 | φ11 | 7h7 | 66

 | | 14 | 2
 | C | 4 or
 | less | 58 | <i>\$</i> 38 | h6 | 8
 | 10 | 1 | 5 | 50 |
| Rc | 1/2 | M12> | (1.75
 | <i>φ</i> 14 | 0h7 | 80

 | | 16 | 1
 | 3 | 4 or
 | less | 82 | <i>φ</i> 50 | h6 | 9
 | 14 | | 5.5 | 70 |
| Rc | 1/2 | M14> | 2
 | <i>φ</i> 16 | 4h7 | 96

 | | 19 | 2
 | 1 | 3 or
 | less | 82 | <i>φ</i> 55 | h6 | 10
 | 16 | | 6 | 70 |
| | A
364
409
483
581
668
BL
24
30
40
50
59
50
50
50
50
50
50
8
60
Rc
Rc
Rc | A AC 364 37 or less 409 40 or less 483 45 or less 581 51 or less 668 59 or less BL BM 244 200 300 277 400 333 550 400 | 364 37 or Less 7 364 37 or Less 7 400 40 or Less 7 483 45 or Less 9 581 51 $r ress$ 10 682 7 20 843 20 $r ress$ 20 843 20 $ress$ 20 944 20 $ress$ 20 945 20 $ress$ 20 940 33 $ress$ 30 95 40 $ress$ 30 940 33 $ress$ 30 95 40 $ress$ 30 940 33 $ress$ 30 95 40 $ress$ 30 96 40 $ress$ 30 97 40 $ress$ 30 98 40 $ress$ 30 99 40 $ress$ 30 90 40 $ress$ 30 91 40 $ress$ 30 92 40 $ress$ 30 93 40 $ress$ 30 94 40 $ress$ 30 94 40 $ress$ 30 94 40 $ress$ 30 94 40 $ress$ 30 95 40 $ress$ 30 <t< td=""><td>A AC AD AH 364 37 or less 7 88 409 40 or less 7 106 483 45 or less 9 120 581 51 or less 10 144 663 59 or less 10 168 BL BM BN BT 24 20 24.5 24 30 27 26 400 33 30 27 50 40 34 32 50 48 3C 32 60 33 30 27 50 48 3C 32 60 33 30 27 50 48 3C 32 60 33 30 27 60 33 30 32 7 48 32 32 60 33 30 32 7 8 8 32 8 8 8 32 9 8 32 32 9 8 8 32 9 8 8 32 9 8 8</td><td>A B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B C B B B B B B B B B B B B</td><td>A AC AD AH AJ A 364 370 ress 7 88 113 2 409 400 ress 7 80 120 126.5 2 483 450 ress 9 120 156.5 2 581 510 ress 10 144 193.5 2 668 59 ress 10 168 21.7 2 BL BM BN BT C A 10 24.5 24 144 105 30 27 27 266 184 125 400 33 30 27 202 145 50 40 34 32 247 175 50 48 32 247 175 50 48 32 247 175 66F 59 59 36 37 202 7 50 48 32 247 175 61 59 59 59 59 <t< td=""><td>A A</td><td>A AD AH AJ AK AI 364 37 or less 7 88 11.3 25 11 409 40 or less 7 106 126.5 25 11 403 45 or less 9 120 156.5 25 11 581 51 or less 10 144 13.5 32 14 668 59 or less 10 168 21.* 32 14 BL BM BN BT C CA CB 12 10 168 21.* 32 14 15 14 BL BM BN BT C CA CB 14 10 24.5 24 144 105 85 12 120 27 26 184 125 100 15 140 33 30 27 20 145 140 14</td><td>A AD AD AH AJ AK AL AI <th< td=""><td>A AC AD AH AJ AK AL B BA 364 37 or less 7 88 113 25 111 102 58 409 40 or less 7 106 126.5 25 111 102 58 409 40 or less 7 106 126.5 25 111 140 20 483 45 or less 9 120 156.5 25 111 168 26 581 51 or less 10 144 193.5 25 111 168 96 668 59 or less 10 168 218* 32 14 200 116 8L BM BN BT C CA CB CD CE 116 24 20 24.5 24 144 105 85 125 13 14 30 27 27 26 184 125 100 150 16 16 40 33 30 27</td><td>A AD AH AJ AK AL B BA B 364 37 or less 7 88 113 25 11 102 58 4 409 40 or less 7 06 126.5 25 11 125 72 5 483 45 or less 9 120 156.5 25 11 140 80 6 581 51 or less 10 144 193.5 25 11 168 96 7 668 59 or less 10 168 21* 32 14 200 116 6 74 20 24.5 24 144 105 85 125 13 99 30 27 27 26 184 125 100 150 15 99 40 33 30 27 202 145 120 170 16 99 40 33 30 27 202 145 140 210 122 141<td>A AC AD AH AJ AK AL B BA AA 400 400 ress 7 06 120 156.5 25 11 102 58 44 40 58 420 560 50 51 140 140 125 120 140 125 11 140 80 60 60 50 66 59 10 168 212 120 121 100 160 222 11 160 40</td><td>$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$</td><td>$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$</td><td>A AC AD AH AJ AK AL B BA BB BC BD C CA CB CD CE CCF CCK CL CL CC CD CD CD CD CD<</td><td>A AC AD AH AJ AK AL B BA BB BC BD BB BB<!--</td--><td>A A A A A A A A A A A B
 B B</td><td>A AC AD AH AJ AK AL B BA BB BC BD BB BF BF BG B 364 37 or less 7 88 113 25 11 102 58 44 82 12 12 38 44 2 409 40 or less 7 106 126.5 25 11 140 80 60 112 15 15 60 -62 2 483 45 or less 10 144 193.5 25 11 168 96 72 133 14 16 84 -76 4 665 59 or less 10 168 218 22 14 200 16 84 15 18 20 84 16 16 -76 4 16 20 17 16 21 13 $\phi \rightarrow -$ 18 16 16 12 16</td><td>A A A A A A A A A A A B C</td><td>A A A A A A A A A A B C</td></td></td></th<></td></t<></td></t<> | A AC AD AH 364 37 or less 7 88 409 40 or less 7 106 483 45 or less 9 120 581 51 or less 10 144 663 59 or less 10 168 BL BM BN BT 24 20 24.5 24 30 27 26 400 33 30 27 50 40 34 32 50 48 3C 32 60 33 30 27 50 48 3C 32 60 33 30 27 50 48 3C 32 60 33 30 27 60 33 30 32 7 48 32 32 60 33 30 32 7 8 8 32 8 8 8 32 9 8 32 32 9 8 8 32 9 8 8 32 9 8 8 | A B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B C B B B B B B B B B B B B | A AC AD AH AJ A 364 370 ress 7 88 113 2 409 400 ress 7 80 120 126.5 2 483 450 ress 9 120 156.5 2 581 510 ress 10 144 193.5 2 668 59 ress 10 168 21.7 2 BL BM BN BT C A 10 24.5 24 144 105 30 27 27 266 184 125 400 33 30 27 202 145 50 40 34 32 247 175 50 48 32 247 175 50 48 32 247 175 66F 59 59 36 37 202 7 50 48 32 247 175 61 59 59 59 59 <t< td=""><td>A A</td><td>A AD AH AJ AK AI 364 37 or less 7 88 11.3 25 11 409 40 or less 7 106 126.5 25 11 403 45 or less 9 120 156.5 25 11 581 51 or less 10 144 13.5 32 14 668 59 or less 10 168 21.* 32 14 BL BM BN BT C CA CB 12 10 168 21.* 32 14 15 14 BL BM BN BT C CA CB 14 10 24.5 24 144 105 85 12 120 27 26 184 125 100 15 140 33 30 27 20 145 140 14</td><td>A AD AD AH AJ AK AL AI <th< td=""><td>A AC AD AH AJ AK AL B BA 364 37 or less 7 88 113 25 111 102 58 409 40 or less 7 106 126.5 25 111 102 58 409 40 or less 7 106 126.5 25 111 140 20 483 45 or less 9 120 156.5 25 111 168 26 581 51 or less 10 144 193.5 25 111 168 96 668 59 or less 10 168 218* 32 14 200 116 8L BM BN BT C CA CB CD CE 116 24 20 24.5 24 144 105 85 125 13 14 30 27 27 26 184 125 100 150 16 16 40 33 30 27</td><td>A AD AH AJ AK AL B BA B 364 37 or less 7 88 113 25 11 102 58 4 409 40 or less 7 06 126.5 25 11 125 72 5 483 45 or less 9 120 156.5 25 11 140 80
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 B | A AC AD AH AJ AK AL B BA BB BC BD BB BF BF BG B 364 37 or less 7 88 113 25 11 102 58 44 82 12 12 38 44 2 409 40 or less 7 106 126.5 25 11 140 80 60 112 15 15 60 -62 2 483 45 or less 10 144 193.5 25 11 168 96 72 133 14 16 84 -76 4 665 59 or less 10 168 218 22 14 200 16 84 15 18 20 84 16 16 -76 4 16 20 17 16 21 13 $\phi \rightarrow -$ 18 16 16 12 16 | A A A A A A A A A A A B C | A A A A A A A A A A B C |

Sensor Mounting Dimension

Bore	UX								
Dore	AX/AZ type	SR type							
<i>φ</i> 32	8	0							
<i>φ</i> 40	9	0							
<i>φ</i> 50	12	5							
<i>ф</i> 63	13	7							
<i>φ</i> 80	22	14							

Operating Range and Hysteresis

		Solid state sensor					
Bore	AX/AZ	Z type	SR	type	AX/AZ type		
	Operating range Hysteresis		Operating range	Hysteresis	Operating range	Hysteresis	
<i>φ</i> 32	5 to 9	1 or less	7 to 10		3 to 5		
<i>φ</i> 40	5 to 9	1.5 or less	5 to 7		3 to 5		
<i>φ</i> 50	5 to 10	1 or less	7 to 11	2 or less	4 to 6	1 or less	
<i>ф</i> 63	5 to 10	1 or less	7 to 11		4 to 6		
<i>φ</i> 80	5 to 11	1 or less	8 to 12		4 to 6		

35RP2

ΗM

10

Selection Materials

To select a type in 35RP2 Series, it is necessary to determine the following conditions.

 Supply pressure
 Magnitude and condition of load • Rotating angle • Rotating speed • Frequency of operation • Ambient conditions • Place of use • Existence of external stopper

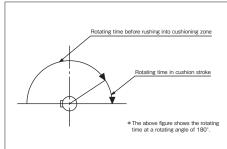
Although 35RP2 Series has a built-in cushioning mechanism, energy which can be absorbed by the internal cushion is limited as in the case of cylinders. When the kinetic energy of a load is

absorbed by the internal cushion without an

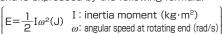


35RP2

Rotary Actuators



external stopper, the energy which can be absorbed depends on the inertia moment and the angular speed at the rotating end. In other words, the angular speed at the rotating end depends on the rotating time. The kinetic energy E of a load at the rotating end is expressed by the following formula:



To correctly use 35RP2 Series, utilize the graph shown right.

For the inertia moment, see the calculation table.

Working Rotating Time (not incl. cushioning zone) Unit: s

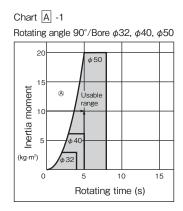
90°	180°
0.2 to 4	0.3 to 7
0.2 to 5	0.3 to 8
0.3 to 8	0.4 to 12
0.4 to 11	0.5 to 16
0.4 to 13	0.6 to 19
	0.2 to 4 0.2 to 5 0.3 to 8 0.4 to 11

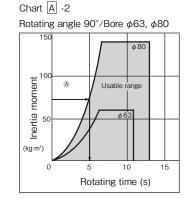
Setting of rotating time

≜CAUTION

Use the actuator within the range of rotating time shown in the above table. If it is used for more than the specified rotating time, smooth operation cannot be obtained due to stick-slip. etc. If the rotating time is less than the specified time, the actuator may be damaged.

1. Relationship between inertia moment and rotating time (not incl. cushioning zone) 1kg·m²=10.2kgf·cm·sec²







Rotating angle 180°/Bore ϕ 32, ϕ 40, ϕ 50

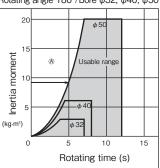




Chart B -2

10 moment

Inertia

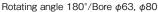
(kg·m²)

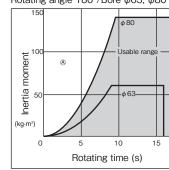
0

Bore *\phi*63, *\phi*80

ß

3.5 5





φ80

Jsable range

φ63

Range of allowable

adjusting mechanism

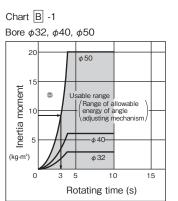
10

Rotating time (s)

15

energy of angle

2. Relationship between inertia moment and rotating time (cushioning zone)





HM

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Inertia Moment Calculation Table

Outline	I: Inertia moment	Outline	I: Inertia moment
• When the axis is at the bar end	$I=\frac{M\ell^2}{3}$	When the axis is in the center of bar	$I=\frac{M\ell^2}{12}$
• In the case of cylinder solid (incl. disc) $\begin{array}{c} & & \\ & $	$I = \frac{MD^2}{8}$	 In the case of rectangular solid b a a Note)The axis passes through the center of gravity. 	$I=\frac{M}{12}(a^2+b^2)$
• In the case of arm (rotating around axis A) $ \begin{array}{c} $	$\begin{split} I = & M_1 \ell_1{}^2 + I_1 \\ & + \frac{M_2 \ell_2{}^2}{3} \end{split}$ I1: inertia moment of the weight based on the axis (axis B) passing through the center of gravity of the weight	l, a, b: length m D: diameter m	

Example

35RP2

Rotary Actuators

Select a type to rotate a 140-kg and ϕ 2-m load 90° Weight of disc M=140 kg Diameter of disc D=2 m Rotating angle $\theta = 90^{\circ} = 1.5708$ rad ①Determine the inertia moment. $I = \frac{MD^2}{2}$ $=\frac{140\times2^2}{2}=70 \text{ kg}\cdot\text{m}^2$ 8 The rotating time at an inertia moment of 70 kg·m² is 5 seconds (ϕ 80)

according to Graph A-2. The rotating time in the cushioning zone is 3.5 seconds (ϕ 80) according to Graph B-2.

Therefore, adjust the flow control valve to obtain a rotating time of 5 seconds or more, and adjust the cushion to set the rotating time in the cushioning zone to 3.5 seconds.

②Determine the necessary torque.

 θ_1 =cushion angle θ_1 of 80 mm bore actuator is 18° (0.3142 rad). Angular acceleration $\alpha = \frac{\theta - \theta_1}{12} = \frac{1.5708 - 0.3142}{52} = 0.05 \text{ rad/s}^2$

The effective torgue is 25 to 35% when the inertia force is high. Therefore, the effective torque is regarded as 35%.

Required torque T =
$$\frac{I \alpha}{0.35} = \frac{70 \times 0.05}{0.35} = 10 \text{ kgf} \cdot \text{m} = 98 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}$$

According to the theoretical output torque charts, an 80 mm bore actuator is usable. Then, select 35RP2-SD80T90.

Notes) • If the obtained intersection is		
in area \mathbb{A} , the kinetic energy $\left. \right. \left. \right\}$	į	
of the load can be effectively 👌	,	
absorbed if an external		
stopper and an external	,	
shock absorber are used.	2	
When an external shock		
absorber is used, use the		
actuator with the internal		
cushion fully open.		

HM

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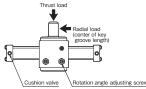
Precautions for use

≜CAUTION

• To install the rotary actuator, use hex, head bolts (JIS B1180, strength class 10.9 or over) or hex. socket head cap screws (JIS B1176, strength class 10.9 or over). 1) Secure the actuator using all mounting holes. 2) Take care not to tighten the bolts unevenly. Tighten them to the tightening torque specified for the bolts used.

3) Take care not to apply any external load other than the main body load to the bolts. (Use durable mounting materials.)

 Take care that loads other than the following will not be applied directly to the shaft.



Allowable Radial and Thrust Loads Unit N

Load Bore mm	Radial load	Thrust load
<i>ø</i> 32	686	392
<i>φ</i> 40	1420	785
<i>φ</i> 50	1860	1080
<i>\phi</i> 63	2450	1470
<i>φ</i> 80	2940	1770

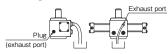
• At the rotating end of the rotary actuator, bring the shaft into contact with the rotation angle adjusting screw under the condition of sufficient cushioning effect. If the cushion is not effective, the rotation angle adjusting screw may be damaged.

Cushion Stroke Angle

Bore	Cushion angle
<i>ø</i> 32	37°
<i>φ</i> 40	31°
<i>φ</i> 50	22°
<i>ф</i> 63	17°
<i>\phi</i> 80	18°

If the kinetic energy is so large that the cushion cannot absorb the energy, the rack and pinion or the key groove may be damaged. In this case, use a shock absorber.

• Before shipment, both exhaust ports are plugged to prevent leakage of gear oil during transportation. Before starting the test run, remove the plug of the upper one of the two exhaust ports in the body, and connect a pipe to avoid accumulation of pressure in the body (to open to the atmosphere). If pressure is accumulated in the body, the oil seals may be damaged.



Use gear oil equivalent to ISO VG680. Change the oil 500,000 times of actuation after the start of use and, after this, every 1,000,000 times. (The actuator has been charged with the above gear oil for a single time before shipment.)

• Pour the gear oil from the port to be used as an exhaust port.

(The oil quantity is shown in the following table.)

Oil Quantity		Unit: mℓ
Rotating angle Bore mm	90°	180°
<i>ø</i> 32	80	90
<i>φ</i> 40	180	190
<i>φ</i> 50	270	300
<i>ø</i> 63	430	490
<i>\phi</i> 80	740	850

Notes on installation

• To install the rotary actuator, use hex. head bolts (JIS B1180, strength class 10.9 or over) or hex. socket head cap screws (JIS B1176, strength class 10.9 or over). • Use durable mounting materials.

Operation procedures

- ①When operating the rotary actuator for the first time, discharge air from the actuator at a low pressure. After the completion of discharge, start the actuator at a reduced pressure, and gradually increase the pressure to the working pressure. However, keep the pinion rotation speed (under no load) at about 1 sec at 90° or about 2 sec at 180° while increasing the pressure.
- 2 Before starting the test run or adjusting the rotating speed or the cushion deceleration, loosen the rotation angle adjusting screw about five turns to avoid application of excessive load or impact to the rotation angle fine adjustment mechanism.
- 3 Adjust the cushion while gradually increasing the rotation speed. (The cushion has not been adjusted before shipment.) If the rotation speed is increased at the beginning of operation, abnormal surge pressure may occur and damage the rotary actuator or machine. (4) Adjust the rotating angle.
- Before adjusting the rotating angle, turn the seal (Daithread) to separate it from the body end face. and after the completion of adjustment, turn it again to bring it into close contact with the body end face. Then, tighten the locknut.

When overhauling the rotary actuator, replace all seals (seals and gaskets).

35RP2

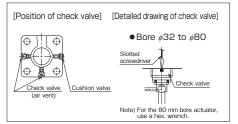
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14

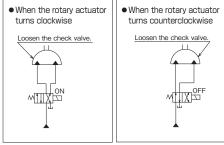
How to discharge air

≜CAUTION

 If the check valve is loosened excessively during discharging of air, the valve may come off the cylinder, and it may fly out or the fluid may spout out.



- Feed the fluid at a low pressure (minimum operating pressure: approx. 0.5 MPa) to the rotary actuator, loosen the check valve one or two turns (turn counterclockwise) to discharge air.
- Note) Repeat these operations until air is completely discharged.
- After discharging air, tighten the check valve to the specified torque, and make sure that the fluid does not leak. [Specified torque: 8 to 10 N·m]



Rotary Actuators

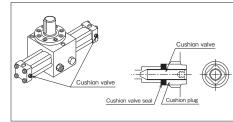
• Discharge air not only from the rotary actuator, but also from the piping. If air is left in the piping, the following operation failures may occur.

Phenomena

- The cylinder causes stick-slip.
- Smooth speed control cannot be made.
- Temperature rise caused by adiabatic compression can damage the seals.
- Shock and vibration are given to the outside.

How to adjust cushion

 If the cushion valve or plug is excessively loosened while adjusting the cushion, the cushion valve or plug may come off the cylinder, and it may fly out, or the fluid may spout out.

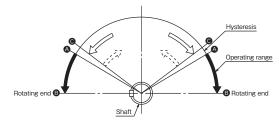


- 1) Loosen the cushion plug approx. 1/4 turn with a spanner.
- 2) Turn the cushion valve with a hex. wrench to adjust the speed.
- Turn clockwise, and the cushion stroke speed will be decreased.
- Turn counterclockwise, and the cushion stroke speed will be increased.

<Caution>

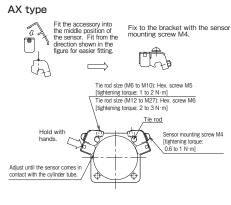
- If the valve is excessively turned counterclockwise, the cushion will not be effective. If it is excessively turned clockwise, the cushion will work so effectively that the piston may not operate full stroke. In addition, abnormal surge pressure may occur and damage the rotary actuator.
- 3) After the completion of adjustment of the cushion valve, secure the cushion valve with a hex. wrench, and tighten the cushion valve to the specified torque. [Specified torque: 12 to 15 N·m]
 Make sure that oil does not leak from any part. (If the tightening torque is insufficient, the fluid may leak.)
 - In the following cases, the cushioning effect cannot be obtained.
 - \cdot When the rotating speed is extremely low
 - \cdot When the rotating speed is high
 - \cdot When the inertia moment is large

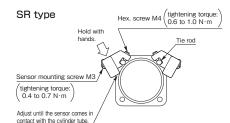
Operating Range and Hysteresis



If the shaft rotates in the arrow \Leftrightarrow direction, the sensor turns on when the shaft reaches the sensor operating position **③**. The sensor is kept on in the range from **④** to **⑤**. This range is called the operating range. If the shaft turns in the reverse direction \Rightarrow after the shaft reaches the position **④** and the sensor turns on, the sensor is kept on until the shaft reaches the position **⑥**. The distance between **④** and **⑥** is called hysteresis.

Setting method of sensor detecting position





- Loosen the two set screws with an allen wrench, and move the sensor along the tie rod.
- 2. Adjust the detecting position (for the 2-LED type, the position where the green lamp lights up) 2 to 5 mm (about half of the operating range is appropriate) before the required position where the sensor indicator lamp starts to light up (ON). Then, gently hold the top of the sensor so that the cylinder tube contacts the detecting face of the sensor, and clamp the hex. screw to an appropriate tightening torque.
- Note) Inappropriate tightening torque may cause the off-center of the sensor position.
- 3. The indicating lamp lights up when the sensor is set to the ON position. (The lamp of SR405 goes out when the sensor turns on.)
- 4. Sensors can be mounted to any of four tie rods and on the most suitable position depending on the mounting space of the cylinder and wiring method.
- Mount a sensor to the most suitable position to detect the stroke end with the "sensor mounting dimension" (dimension UX).

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